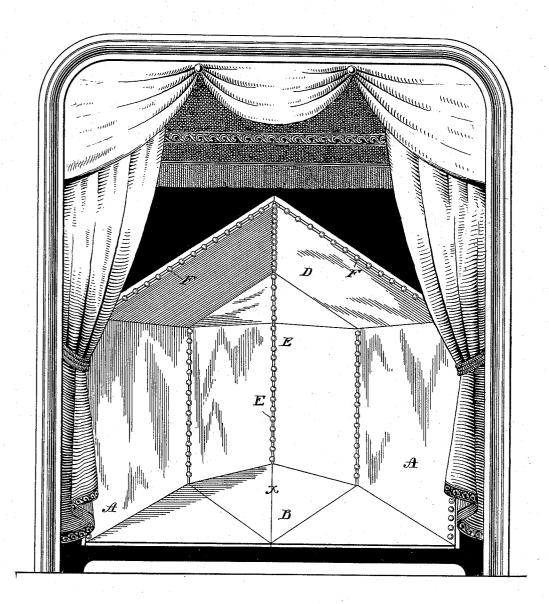
(No Model.)

## M. L. FULLER. THEATRICAL STAGE MECHANISM.

No. 533,167.

Patented Jan. 29, 1895.



WITNESSES :

Hank S. Ober. Hesttie W. Skimier

INVENTOR Marie Louise Fuller:

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# UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

### MARIE LOUISE FULLER, OF NEW YORK, N. Y.

#### THEATRICAL STAGE MECHANISM.

#### SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 533,167, dated January 29,1895.

Application filed March 27, 1894. Serial No. 505, 258. (No model.) Patented in France January 13, 1893, No. 227, 106, and in England May 23, 1893, No. 10,221.

## To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, MARIE LOUISE FULLER, a citizen of the United States, residing at New York, county of New York, and State of New York, have invented a new and useful Theatrical Stage Mechanism for Producing Illusionary Effects, (for which I have obtained a French patent, No. 227,106, dated January 13, 1893, and delivered April 8, 1893, and a pat-

10 ent in Great Britain, No. 10,221, dated May 23, 1893,) of which the following is a specification.

My invention consists in constructing a new and useful theatrical stage mechanism to be 15 used in the production of a dance, said mechanism having the effect of multiplying the reflections of one or more dancers performing in front of the said mechanism, thereby producing to the eye of the spectator an illusion-20 ary effect.

In a modification of my invention, I provide a series of vertical lights which give the effect of many pillars of fire around, and among which the figures are represented as 25 dancing

The object of my invention is to produce an illusionary effect to the eye of the spectator. My invention is illustrated by the accompanying drawing, in which the single figure 30 therein illustrates a front elevation of my in-

vention. A A are plates of glass, silvered on the back

so as to produce reflecting surfaces. These reflecting surfaces are set adjacent to one an-35 other and at an angle to each other, the vertical edge or edges of each of said planes being placed adjacent to each other, as shown. Two or more reflecting planes may be placed adjacent to one another and several angles to may be formed thereby for the purpose of forming a background of semi-polygonal shape. A mirror flooring B may be added within the space partially surrounded by the background. A mirror ceiling D may also 15 be added. When it is desirable to use a mirror ceiling, by preference, I place the plates which form the same at an incline, so that spectators, who are witnessing the illusion from a plane higher than the plane of the other, thereby making it appear that o flooring B, will not be prevented from seeing are five persons dancing while, in the entire background. At each vertical there is only one dancer performing.

juncture of the reflecting surfaces that form an angle, by preference, I provide a vertical series of lights E E. Back of and around the said mechanism by preference I provide a 55 black setting. Around the front edge of the mechanism, by preference, I provide a series of lights F F, which lights may be shielded

from the eyes of the spectator, if desired. In operation, it will be clearly seen that 60 when the dancer comes in front of the mechanism and stands upon the dancing flooring B, which forms a part of this invention, at a point, for illustration, lettered X, the reflec-tions caused by the mirrors A A will make it 65 appear to the spectator that there are many dancers performing upon a large stage. The vertical columns of light E will likewise be multiplied, and the dancers will be seen going through the various evolutions of the dance 70 among these various pillars of fire, thereby producing an extraordinarily beautiful effect. By preference, I use incandescent electric lights, and, by providing various colored bulbs for the same, it is possible to instantly change 75 the tone of the scene from one color to another, and by combining the various primaries other colors are produced. When the mirror flooring B and the inclined mirror ceiling D are utilized in connection with the ver- 80 tical reflecting surfaces A A, and all in com-bination with the rows of lights, the reflections of the dancer will be increased many fold and the illusion made more mystifying and complete. To heighten the effect, all the 85 lights in the auditorium may be turned off and the only lights used should be those described in the specification, with possibly the addition of a "lime" or calcium light applied from behind the wings of the stage.

Several vertical rows of light E E are shown and these may be used independently or jointly during the progress of the dance, as desired. It is furthermore desirable, in order that the number of figures may be com- 95 pounded, that the mirrors be so set as to reflect into one another. It would be desirable, therefore, when only two plates are used to set the said plates at an acute angle to each other, thereby making it appear that there 100 are five persons dancing while, in reality,

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I claim, and desire to secure by Letters Patent, is-

The combination in a theatrical stage mech-5 anism of a background of reflecting surfaces placed adjacent to and at angles to each other, with a mirror flooring and mirror ceil-ing, said mirror ceiling being inclined upward

Having thus described my invention, what | toward the front of the stage, and with a vertical column of lights arranged at the angles 10 formed by the junction of the background mirrors, substantially as described. MARIE LOUISE FULLER.

Witnesses:

CLYDE SHROPSHIRE, HENRY PEARTREE.